



ACE ENGINEERING COLLEGE

Ankushapur, Ghatkesar-501301

B. Tech. in ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABUS (ACER22 Regulations)

IV YEAR I SEMESTER

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	EE701PC	Power Electronic Applications to Renewable Energy Systems	3	1	0	4
2		Open Elective-II	3	0	0	3
3		Professional Elective-III	3	0	0	3
4		Professional Elective-IV	3	0	0	3
5	EE702PC	Fundamentals of Management for Engineers	2	0	0	2
6	EE703PC	Simulation of Renewable Energy Systems Laboratory	0	0	4	2
7	EE704PC	Project Stage-I	0	0	6	3
		Total Credits	14	1	10	20

EE701PC: POWER ELECTRONIC APPLICATIONS TO RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS**IV Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem****L T P C****3 1 0 4****Prerequisite:** Power Electronics, Renewable Energy Sources**Course Objectives:**

- To impart knowledge on different types of renewable energy systems.
- To analyze the operation of electrical generators used for the wind energy conversion systems.
- To know the operation of power converters and PV systems operation.

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will be able to:

- Proficiently demonstrate various renewable energy technologies utilized for electrical power generation.
- Analyze the operating principles of different types of wind generators and identify suitable converters (AC-DC, DC-DC, AC-AC) for renewable energy systems.
- Interpret and analyze various wind and photovoltaic (PV) systems, including stand-alone, grid-connected, and hybrid configurations, showcasing a comprehensive understanding of renewable energy applications.

UNIT- I:

Solar cell characteristics and their measurement, PV Module, PV array, Partial shading of a solar cell and a module, the diode, Power conditioning unit, maximum power point tracker, Implementation of Perturb and Observe Method, Incremental Conductance Method, Battery charger/discharge controller.

UNIT- II:

Centralized Inverters, String Inverters, Multi-string Inverters, Module Integrated Inverter/Micro-inverters, Inverter Topology, Model of Inverter, Sizing Batteries and Inverters for a Solar PV System.

Types of PV Systems: Grid-Connected Solar PV System, Stand-Alone Solar PV System.

UNIT- III:

Introduction to wind: Characteristics, Wind Turbine, Fixed and Variable-Speed Wind Turbines, Components of WECS, Description of Components, Types of Wind Turbine Generators, Economics of Wind Energy Conversion Systems, Linking Wind Turbines onto the Grid, Power Converter Topologies for Wind Turbine Generators.

UNIT- IV:

Modeling of Permanent Magnet Synchronous Generators, Doubly Fed Induction Generators, Squirrel cage Induction Generators wind turbine, Control of Power

converters for WECS.

UNIT - V:

Hybrid Energy Systems, Need for Hybrid Energy Systems, Range and types of Hybrid systems, Hybrid Solar PV/Wind Energy System, Architecture of Solar-Wind Hybrid System and Grid connected issues.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. S. N. Bhadra, D. Kastha, S. Banerjee, "Wind Electrical Systems", Oxford University Press, 2005.
2. S. N. Bhadra, D. Kastha, & S. Banerjee "Wind Electrical Systems", Oxford University Press, 2009.
3. Rashid. M. H, "Power Electronics Hand book", Academic Press, 2001.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Rai. G. D, "Non-conventional energy sources", Khanna Publishers, 1993.
2. Rai. G.D," Solar energy utilization", Khanna Publishes, 1993.
3. Gray, L. Johnson, "Wind energy system", Prentice Hall of India, 1995.
4. B.H.Khan "Non-conventional Energy sources", Mc Graw-hill, 2nd Edition, 2009

EE7210E: UTILIZATION OF ELECTRIC ENERGY
(Open Elective-II.1)

IV Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem

L T P C
3 0 0 3

Pre-requisites: Electrical Machines-I and Electrical Machines-II

Course Objectives: Objectives of this course are

- To understand the fundamentals of illumination and good lighting practices
- To understand the methods of electric heating and welding.
- To understand the concepts of electric drives and their application to electrical traction systems.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Understand basic principles of electric heating and welding.
- Determine the lighting requirements for flood lighting, household and industrial needs.
- Calculate heat developed in induction furnace and evaluate speed time curves for traction

UNIT-I:

Electrical Heating: Advantages and methods of electric heating, resistance heating, induction heating and dielectric heating.

UNIT-II:

Electric Welding: Electric welding equipment, resistance welding and arc welding, comparison between AC and DC welding. Electrolysis process: principle of electrolysis, electroplating, metal extraction and metal processing, electromagnetic stirs.

UNIT-III:

Illumination: Terminology, Laws of illumination, coefficient of Utilization and depreciation, Polar curves, Photometry, integrating sphere, sources of light, fluorescent lamps, compact fluorescent lamps, LED lamps discharge lamps, mercury vapor lamps, sodium vapor lamps and neon lamps, comparison between tungsten filament lamps and fluorescent tubes. Basic principles of light control, Types and design of lighting scheme, lighting calculations, factory lighting, streetlighting and flood lighting.

UNIT-IV:

Electric Traction: Systems of electric traction and track electrification- DC system, single phase and 3-phase low frequency and high frequency system, composite system, kando system, comparison between AC and DC systems, problems of single-phase traction with current unbalance and voltage unbalance.

Mechanics of traction movement, speed – time curves for different services, trapezoidal and quadrilateral speed – time curves, tractive effort, power, specific energy consumption, effect of varying acceleration and braking, retardation, adhesive weight and braking retardation, coefficient of adhesion.

UNIT-V:

Systems of Train Lighting: special requirements of train lighting, methods of obtaining unidirectional polarity constant output- single battery system, Double battery parallel block system, coach wiring, lighting by making use of 25KV AC supply.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. H. Partab: Modern Electric Traction, Dhanpat Rai & Co, 2007.
2. E. Openshaw Taylor: Utilisation of Electric Energy, Orient Longman, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. H. Partab: Art & Science of Utilization of Electric Energy, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, 1998.
2. N.V. Suryanarayana: Utilization of Electrical power including Electric drives and Electric Traction, New Age Publishers, 1997.

EE722OE: ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEMS**(Open Elective-II.2)****IV Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem****L T P C****3 0 0 3****Course Objectives:** to prepare the students to

- To introduce generalized storage techniques and analyze the different features of storagesystems
- To know the management and applications of energy storage technologies
- To know about electrical energy storage market potential by different forecasting methods

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will be able to:

- Understand the role of electrical energy storage technologies in electricity usage
- Know the behavior and features and applications of energy storage system
- Understand the hierarchy, demand for energy storage and valuation techniques.

UNIT- I:**The Roles Of Electrical Energy Storage Technologies In Electricity Use:**

Characteristics of electricity, Electricity and the roles of EES, High generation cost during peak-demand periods, Need for continuous and flexible supply, Long distance between generation and consumption, Congestion in power grids, Transmission by cable, Emerging needs for EES, More renewable energy, less fossil fuel, Smart Grid uses, The roles of electrical energy storage technologies, The roles from the viewpoint of a utility, The roles from the viewpoint of consumers, The roles from the viewpoint of generators of renewable energy.

UNIT- II:

Types And Features Of Energy Storage Systems: Classification of EES systems, Mechanical storage systems, Pumped hydro storage (PHS), Compressed air energy storage (CAES), Flywheel energy storage (FES), Electrochemical storage systems, Secondary batteries, Lead-Acid Batteries, Lithium-Ion Batteries, Flow batteries, Other Batteries in Development, Chemical energy storage, Hydrogen (H₂), Synthetic natural gas (SNG), Electrical storage systems, Double-layer capacitors (DLC), Superconducting magnetic energy storage (SMES), Thermal storage systems, Standards for EES, Technical comparison of EES technologies.

UNIT- III:

Applications Of EES: Present status of applications, Utility use (conventional power generation, grid operation & service), Consumer use (uninterruptable power supply for large consumers), EES installed capacity worldwide, new trends in applications, Renewable energy generation, Smart Grid, Smart Micro grid, Smart

House, Electric vehicles,

UNIT- IV:

Management And Control Hierarchy Of EES: Internal configuration of battery storage systems, External connection of EES systems, Aggregating EES systems and distributed generation (Virtual Power Plant), “Battery SCADA” – aggregation of many dispersed batteries.

Demand For Energy Storage: Growth in Variable Energy Resources, Relationship between balancing services and variable energy resources, Energy Storage Alternatives, Variable Generator Control, Demand Management, Market Mechanisms, and Longer-Term Outlook.

Valuation Techniques: Overview, Energy Storage Operational Optimization, Market Price Method, Power System Dispatch Model Method, Ancillary Service Representation, Energy Storage Representation, Survey of Valuation Results.

UNIT-V:

Forecast Of EES Market Potential By 2030: EES market potential for overall applications, EES market estimation by Sandia National Laboratory (SNL), EES market estimation by the Boston Consulting Group (BCG), EES market estimation for Li-ion batteries by the Panasonic Group, EES market potential estimation for broad introduction of renewable energies, EES market potential estimation for Germany by Fraunhofer, Storage of large amounts of energy in gas grids, EES market potential estimation for Europe by Siemens, EES market potential estimation by the IEA, Vehicle to grid concept, EES marketpotential in the future.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Power System Energy Storage Technologies, 1st Edition by Paul Breeze, Academic Press
2. Energy Storage: Systems and Components, by Alfred Rufer, CRC Press, 2017

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Energy Storage Fundamentals, Materials and Applications, by Huggins and Robert, Springer.
2. www.ecofys.com/com/publications

**EE731PE: MOBILE APPLICATION
DEVELOPMENT
(Professional Elective-III.1)**

IV Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

Prerequisites

1. Acquaintance with JAVA programming
2. A Course on DBMS

Course Objectives

- To demonstrate their understanding of the fundamentals of Android operating systems
- To improve their skills of using Android software development tools
- To demonstrate their ability to develop software with reasonable complexity on mobile platform
- To demonstrate their ability to deploy software to mobile devices
- To demonstrate their ability to debug programs running on mobile devices

Course Outcomes

- Understand the working of Android OS Practically.
- Develop Android user interfaces
- Develop, deploy and maintain the Android Applications.

UNIT - I

Introduction to Android Operating System: Android OS design and Features – Android development framework, SDK features, Installing and running applications on Android Studio, Creating AVDs, Types of Android applications, Best practices in Android programming, Android tools Android application components – Android Manifest file, Externalizing resources like values, themes, layouts, Menus etc, Resources for different devices and languages, Runtime Configuration Changes Android Application Lifecycle – Activities, Activity lifecycle, activity states, monitoring state changes

UNIT - II

Android User Interface: Measurements – Device and pixel density independent measuring unit - sLayouts – Linear, Relative, Grid and Table Layouts User Interface (UI) Components – Editable and non-editable Text Views, Buttons, Radio and Toggle Buttons, Checkboxes, Spinners, Dialog and pickers Event Handling – Handling clicks or changes of various UI components Fragments – Creating fragments, Lifecycle of fragments, Fragment states, Adding fragments to Activity, adding, removing and replacing fragments with fragment transactions, interfacing between fragments and Activities, Multi-screen

ASDFSADF

Activities

UNIT - III

Intents and Broadcasts: Intent – Using intents to launch Activities, Explicitly starting new Activity, Implicit Intents, Passing data to Intents, Getting results from Activities, Native Actions, using Intent to dial a number or to send SMS

Broadcast Receivers – Using Intent filters to service implicit Intents, Resolving Intent filters, finding and using Intents received within an Activity

Notifications – Creating and Displaying notifications, Displaying Toasts

UNIT - IV

Persistent Storage: Files – Using application specific folders and files, creating files, reading data from files, listing contents of a directory Shared Preferences – Creating shared preferences, saving and retrieving data using Shared Preference

ASDFSADF

UNIT - V

Database – Introduction to SQLite database, creating and opening a database, creating tables, insertingretrieving and etindelg data, Registering Content Providers, Using content Providers (insert, delete, retrieve and update)

TEXT BOOK:

1. Professional Android 4 Application Development, Reto Meier, Wiley India, (Wrox), 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Android Application Development for Java Programmers, James C Sheusi, Cengage Learning,2013.
2. Beginning Android 4 Application Development, Wei-Meng Lee, Wiley India (Wrox), 2013.

EE732PE: SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS
(Professional Elective-III.2)

IV Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem

L T P C
3 0 0 3

Prerequisite: Digital Signal Processing, Control Systems, Laplace Transforms, Numerical Methods and Complex variables

Course Objectives:

- To develop ability to analyze linear systems and signals
- To develop critical understanding of mathematical methods to analyze linear systems and signals
- To know the various transform techniques and sampling principles

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will be able to:

- Understand the concepts of continuous time and discrete time systems.
- Analyze systems in complex frequency domain.
- Understand sampling theorem and its implications.

UNIT- I:

Introduction To Signals And Systems: Signals and systems as seen in everyday life, and in various branches of engineering and science. Signal properties: periodicity, absolute integrability, determinism and stochastic character. Some special signals of importance: the unit step, the unit impulse, the sinusoid, the complex exponential, some special time-limited signals; continuous and discrete time signals, continuous and discrete amplitude signals. System properties: linearity: additivity and homogeneity, shift-invariance, causality, stability, reliability. Examples.

UNIT- II:

Behaviour of Continuous and Discrete-Time LTI Systems: Impulse response and step response, convolution, input-output behaviour with aperiodic convergent inputs, cascade interconnections. Characterization of causality and stability of LTI systems. System representation through differential equations and difference equations. State-space Representation of systems. State-Space Analysis, Multi-input, multi-output representation. State Transition Matrix and its Role. Periodic inputs to an LTI system, the notion of a frequency response and its relation to the impulse response.

UNIT- III:

Fourier Transforms: Fourier series representation of periodic signals, Waveform Symmetries, Calculation of Fourier Coefficients. Fourier Transform, convolution/multiplication and their effect in the frequency domain, magnitude and

ASDFSADF

phase response, Fourier domain duality. The Discrete Time Fourier Transform (DTFT) and the Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT). Parseval's Theorem.

UNIT- IV:

Laplace and Z- Transforms: Review of the Laplace Transform for continuous time signals and systems, system functions, poles and zeros of system functions and signals, Laplace domain analysis, solution to differential equations and system behavior. The z-Transform for discrete time signals and systems, system functions, poles and zeros of systems and sequences, z-domain analysis.

UNIT-V:

Sampling And Reconstruction

The Sampling Theorem and its implications. Spectra of sampled signals. Reconstruction: ideal interpolator, zero-order hold, first-order hold. Aliasing and its effects. Relation between continuous and discrete time systems. Introduction to the applications of signal and system theory: modulation for communication, filtering, feedback control systems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A. V. Oppenheim, A. S. Willsky and S. H. Nawab, "Signals and systems", Prentice Hall India, 1997.
2. J. G. Proakis and D. G. Manolakis, "Digital Signal Processing: Principles, Algorithms, and Applications", Pearson, 2006.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. H. P. Hsu, "Signals and systems", Schaum's series, McGraw Hill Education, 2010.
2. S. Haykin and B. V. Veen, "Signals and Systems", John Wiley and Sons, 2007.
3. A. V. Oppenheim and R. W. Schaffer, "Discrete-Time Signal Processing", Prentice Hall, 2009.
4. M. J. Robert "Fundamentals of Signals and Systems", McGraw Hill Education, 2007.
5. B. P. Lathi, "Linear Systems and Signals", Oxford University Press, 2009.

**EE733PE: ELECTRIC AND HYBRID VEHICLES
(Professional Elective-III.3)**

IV Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

Prerequisite: Power Semiconductor Drives, Electrical Drives and Control, Utilization of Electric Energy

Course Objectives:

- To understand the fundamental concepts, principles, analysis and design of hybrid and electric vehicles.
- To know the various aspects of hybrid and electric drive train such as their configuration, t
- To have a knowledge on types of electric machines that can be used energy storage devices, etc.

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will be able to :

- Understand the models to describe hybrid vehicles and their performance.
- Understand the different possible ways of energy storage.
- Understand the different strategies related to energy storage systems.

UNIT- I:

Introduction: Conventional Vehicles: Basics of vehicle performance, vehicle power source characterization, transmission characteristics, mathematical models to describe vehicle performance.

UNIT- II:

Introduction to Hybrid Electric Vehicles: History of hybrid and electric vehicles, social and environmental importance of hybrid and electric vehicles, impact of modern drive-trains on energy supplies.

Hybrid Electric Drive-Trains: Basic concept of hybrid traction, introduction to various hybrid drive-train topologies, power flow control in hybrid drive-train topologies, fuel efficiency analysis.

UNIT- III:

Electric Trains: Electric Drive-trains: Basic concept of electric traction, introduction to various electric drive train topologies, power flow control in electric drive-train topologies, fuel efficiency analysis.

Electric Propulsion Unit: Introduction to electric components used in hybrid and electric vehicles, Configuration and control of DC Motor drives, Configuration and control of Induction Motor drives, configuration and control of Permanent Magnet Motor drives, Configuration and control of Switch Reluctance Motor drives, drive

system efficiency.

UNIT- IV:

Energy Storage: Energy Storage: Introduction to Energy Storage Requirements in Hybrid and Electric Vehicles, Battery based energy storage and its analysis, Fuel Cell based energy storage and its analysis, Super Capacitor based energy storage and its analysis, Flywheel based energy storage and its analysis, Hybridization of different energy storage devices. Sizing the drive system: Matching the electric machine and the internal combustion engine (ICE), Sizing the propulsion motor, sizing the power electronics, selecting the energy storage technology, Communications, supporting subsystems

UNIT- V:

Energy Management Strategies: Energy Management Strategies: Introduction to energy management strategies used in hybrid and electric vehicles, classification of different energy management strategies, comparison of different energy management strategies, implementation issues of energy management strategies.

Case Studies: Design of a Hybrid Electric Vehicle (HEV), Design of a Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. C. Mi, M. A. Masrur and D. W. Gao, “Hybrid Electric Vehicles: Principles and Applications with Practical Perspectives”, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
2. S. Onori, L. Serrao and G. Rizzoni, “Hybrid Electric Vehicles: Energy Management Strategies”, Springer, 2015.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. M. Ehsani, Y. Gao, S. E. Gay and A. Emadi, “Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric, and Fuel Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory, and Design”, CRC Press, 2004.
2. T. Denton, “Electric and Hybrid Vehicles”, Routledge, 2016.

**EE741PE: HVDC TRANSMISSION
(Professional Elective-IV.1)**

IV Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

Prerequisite: Power System-I, Power System-II, Power System Protection, Power System Operation and Control, Power Electronics

Course Objectives:

- To compare EHV AC and HVDC and understand Graetz circuit with 6 and 12 pulse operation
- To control HVDC systems with various methods and to perform power flow analysis in AC/DC systems
- To describe various protection methods for HVDC systems and Harmonics

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will be able to:

- Compare EHV AC and HVDC system and to describe various types of DC links
- Describe various methods for the control of HVDC systems and to perform power flow analysis in AC/DC systems
- Describe various protection methods for HVDC systems and classify Harmonics and design different types of filters

UNIT- I

Basic Concepts Necessity of HVDC systems, Economics and Terminal equipment of HVDC transmission systems, Types of HVDC Links, Apparatus required for HVDC Systems, Comparison of AC and DC Transmission, Application of DC Transmission System, Planning and Modern trends in D.C. Transmission.

Analysis of HVDC Converters: Choice of Converter Configuration, Analysis of Graetz circuit, Characteristics of 6 Pulse and 12 Pulse converters, Cases of two 3 phase converters in Y/Y mode—their performance.

UNIT- II

Converter and HVDC System Control: Principle of DC Link Control, Converters Control Characteristics, Firing angle control, Current and extinction angle control, Effect of source inductance on the system, Starting and stopping of DC link, Power Control.

Reactive Power Control in HVDC: Introduction, Reactive Power Requirements in steady state, sources of reactive power- Static VAR Compensators, Reactive power control during transients.

UNIT- III

Power Flow Analysis in AC/DC Systems: Modelling of DC Links, DC Network,

ASDFSADF

DC Converter, Controller Equations, Solution of DC load flow, P.U. System for DC quantities, solution of AC-DC Power flow-Simultaneous Method-Sequential method.

UNIT- IV

Converter Faults and Protection: Converter faults, protection against over current and over voltage in converter station, surge arresters, smoothing reactors, DC breakers, Audible noise, space charge field, corona effects on DC lines, Radio interference.

UNIT-V:

Harmonics: Generation of Harmonics, Characteristics harmonics, calculation of AC Harmonics, Non- Characteristics harmonics, adverse effects of harmonics, Calculation of voltage and Current harmonics, Effect of Pulse number on harmonics

Filters: Types of AC filters, Design of Single tuned filters –Design of High pass filters.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. “K. R. Padiyar”, HVDC Power Transmission Systems: Technology and system Interactions, New Age International (P) Limited, and Publishers, 1990.
2. “S K Kamakshiah, V Kamaraju”, HVDC Transmission, TMH Publishers, 2011

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. “S. Rao”, EHVAC and HVDC Transmission Engineering and Practice, Khanna publications, 3rd Edition 1999.
2. “Jos Arrillaga”, HVDC Transmission, The institution of electrical engineers, IEE power & energy series 29, 2nd edition 1998.
3. “E. W. Kimbark”, Direct Current Transmission, John Wiley and Sons, volume 1, 1971.
4. “E. Uhlmann”, Power Transmission by Direct Current, B. S. Publications, 2009

EE742PE: POWER SYSTEM RELIABILITY
(Professional Elective-IV.2)

IV Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem

L T P C

3 0 0 3

Prerequisite: Reliability Engineering, Power System-I, Power System-II, Power System Operation and Control

Course Objectives:

- To describe the generation system model and recursive relation for capacitive model building
- To explain the equivalent transitional rates, cumulative probability and cumulative frequency
- To develop the understanding of risk, system and load point reliability indices

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Describe merging generation and load models
- Estimate loss of load and energy indices for generation systems model
- Apply various indices for distribution system and evaluate reliability of interconnected systems

UNIT- I:

Basic Probability Theory: Elements of probability, probability distributions, Random variables, Density and Distribution functions- Binomial distribution- Expected value and standard deviation - Binomial distribution, Poisson distribution, normal distribution, exponential distribution, Weibull distribution.

Definition of Reliability: Definition of terms used in reliability, Component reliability, Hazard rate, derivation of the reliability function in terms of the hazard rate. Hazard models - Bath tub curve, Effect of preventive maintenance. Measures of reliability: Mean Time to Failure and Mean Time between Failures.

UNIT- II:

Generating System Reliability Analysis

Generation system model – capacity outage probability tables – Recursive relation for capacitive model building – sequential addition method – unit removal – Evaluation of loss of load and energy indices – Examples. Frequency and Duration methods – Evaluation of equivalent transitional rates of identical and non-identical units – Evaluation of cumulative probability and cumulative frequency of non-identical generating units – 2-level daily load representation - merging generation and load models – Examples.

UNIT- III:

Operating Reserve Evaluation

ASDFSADF

Basic concepts - risk indices – PJM methods – security function approach – rapid start and hot reserve units — Modeling using STPM approach.

Bulk Power System Reliability Evaluation:

Basic configuration – conditional probability approach – system and load point reliability indices – weather effects on transmission lines – Weighted average rate and Markov model – Common mode failures.

Interconnected System Reliability Analysis

Probability array method – Two inter connected systems with independent loads – effects of limited and unlimited tie capacity - imperfect tie – Two connected Systems with correlated loads – Expression for cumulative probability and cumulative frequency.

UNIT-IV:

Distribution System Reliability Analysis

Basic Techniques – Radial networks –Evaluation of Basic reliability indices, performance indices – loadpoint and system reliability indices – customer oriented, loss and energy-oriented indices – Examples. Basic concepts of parallel distribution system reliability

UNIT-V:**Substations and Switching Stations**

Effects of short-circuits - breaker operation – Open and Short-circuit failures – Active and Passive failures – switching after faults – circuit breaker model – preventive maintenance – exponential maintenance times.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Reliability Evaluation of Power systems by R. Billinton, R. N. Allan, BS Publications, 2007.
2. Reliability Modeling in Electric Power Systems by J. Endrenyi, John Wiley and Sons, 1978

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Reliability Engineering: Theory and Practice by Alessandro Birolini, Springer Publications.
2. An Introduction to Reliability and Maintainability Engineering by Charles Ebeling, TMH Publications.
3. Reliability Engineering by E. Balaguruswamy, TMH Publications.
4. Reliability Engineering by Elsayed A. Elsayed, Prentice Hall Publications.

EE743PE: EMBEDDED SYSTEMS APPLICATIONS
(Professional Elective-IV.3)

IV Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem

L T P C
3 0 0 3

Prerequisite: C Language, I/O, Analog and Digital interfacing, and peripherals.

Course Objectives:

- To equip with the basic concepts of embedded system, applications in which they are used,
- To describe tools and methodologies needed for embedded system design.
- To know RTOS concepts and familiar with the characteristics of latency in real-time systems.

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will be able to:

- Understand the microprocessor architecture and its components used in embedded systems
- Write the 8051-assembly language code and Embedded 'C' code for interfacing various devices.
- Develop simple embedded systems for real time operations

UNIT-I:

Embedded Systems Basics:

Introduction to Embedded systems, Examples of embedded systems, Typical Hardware, Gates, Timing Diagrams, Memory, Microprocessors, Buses, Direct Memory Access, Interrupts, Microprocessor Architecture, and Interrupt Basics.

UNIT-II:

The 8051 Architecture: Introduction, 8051 Micro controller Hardware, Input/output Pin Ports and Circuits, External Memory, Serial data Input/output, Interrupts.

UNIT-III:

Embedded C Programming: Overview of the C standard library, Embedded System Oriented Topics, MISRA C — Designing Safer C Programs, Basics of event driven programming.

Basic Assembly Language Programming Concepts: The Assembly Language Programming Process, Programming Tools and Techniques, Programming the 8051.

UNIT-IV:

Moving Data: Introduction, Addressing Modes, External Data Moves, Code Memory Read Only Data Moves, Push and Pop Opcodes, Data Exchanges.

Basic Design Using a Real-Time Operating System: Message Queues, Mailboxes and Pipes, Timer Functions, Events, Memory Management, Interrupt Routines in an RTOS Environment

UNIT-V:

Applications: Introduction, keyboards, Human Factor, Key Switch Factors, Keyboard Configurations, Displays, Seven-Segment Numeric Display, D/A and A/D Conversions.

Embedded Software Development Tools: Host and Target machines, Linker/Locators for Embedded Software, Getting Embedded Software into the Target System; Debugging Techniques: Testing on Host Machine, Using Laboratory Tools, An Example System.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. An Embedded Software Primer, David E. Simon, Pearson Education.
2. The 8051 Microcontroller, Third Edition, Kenneth J.Ayala, Thomson.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Embedded Microcomputer Systems Real Time Interfacing, Jonathan W.Valvano, CengageLearning.
2. 8051 Microcontrollers, Satish Shah, Oxford Higher Education.
3. Micro Controllers, Ajay V Deshmukhi, TMH.
4. Embedded System Design, Frank Vahid, Tony Givargis, John Wiley.
5. Microcontrollers, Raj kamal, Pearson Education. a. <http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php> b. <http://jntuk-coerd.in/>

EE702PC: FUNDAMENTALS OF MANAGEMENT FOR ENGINEERS**IV Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem****L T P C****2 0 0 2**

Course Objective: To understand the Management Concepts, applications of Concepts in Practical aspects of business and development of Managerial Skills for Engineers.

Course Outcome: The students understand the significance of Management in their Profession. The various Management Functions like Planning, Organizing, Staffing, Leading, Motivation and Control aspects are learnt in this course. The students can explore the Management Practices in their domain area.

UNIT- 1: Introduction to Management:

Definition, Nature and Scope, Functions, Managerial Roles, Levels of Management, Managerial Skills, Challenges of Management; Evolution of Management- Classical Approach- Scientific and Administrative Management; The Behavioral approach; The Quantitative approach; The Systems Approach; Contingency Approach, IT Approach.

UNIT – 2: Planning and Decision Making:

General Framework for Planning - Planning Process, Types of Plans, Management by Objectives; Production Planning and Control. Decision making and Problem Solving - Programmed and Non Programmed Decisions, Steps in Problem Solving and Decision Making; Bounded Rationality and Influences on Decision Making; Group Problem Solving and Decision Making, Creativity and Innovation in Managerial Work.

UNIT- 3: Organization and HRM:

Principles of Organization: Organizational Design & Organizational Structures; Departmentalization, Delegation; Empowerment, Centralization, Decentralization, Recentralization; Organizational Culture; Organizational Climate and Organizational Change.

Human Resource Management & Business Strategy: Job Satisfaction, Job Enrichment, Job Enlargement, Talent Management, Strategic Human Resource Planning; Recruitment and Selection; Training and Development; Performance Appraisal.

UNIT- 4: Leading and Motivation:

Leadership, Power and Authority, Leadership Styles; Behavioral Leadership, Situational Leadership, Leadership Skills, Leader as Mentor and Coach, Leadership

during adversity and Crisis; Handling Employee and Customer Complaints, Team Leadership.

Motivation - Types of Motivation; Relationship between Motivation, Performance and Engagement, Content Motivational Theories - Needs Hierarchy Theory, Two Factor Theory, Theory X and Theory Y.

UNIT- 5: Controlling:

Control, Types and Strategies for Control, Steps in Control Process, Budgetary and Non- Budgetary Controls. Characteristics of Effective Controls, Establishing control systems, Control frequency and Methods.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Management Essentials, Andrew DuBrin, 9e, Cengage Learning, 2012.
2. Fundamentals of Management, Stephen P. Robbins, Pearson Education, 2009.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Essentials of Management, Koontz Kleihrich, Tata Mc - Graw Hill.
2. Management Fundamentals, Robert N Lussier, 5e, Cengage Learning, 2013.
3. Industrial Engineering and Management: Including Production Management, T. R. Banga, S.C Sharma, Khanna Publishers.

EE703PC: SIMULATION OF RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS LAB

IV Year B.Tech. EEE I-Sem

L T P C
0 0 4 2

Prerequisite: Renewable Energy Systems, Power Electronics

Course Objectives:

- Develop proficiency in modeling the steady-state and dynamic characteristics of photovoltaic (PV), fuel cell, and wind energy sources.
- Understand and analyze power converter topologies for stand-alone and grid-connected PV, fuel cell, and wind energy systems.
- Explore advanced topics in power electronics, including maximum power point tracking, power factor correction, switched capacitor DC-DC converters, ZVS/ZCS configurations, compensation schemes, and new power converter topologies.

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will be able to:

- Demonstrate the ability to model and analyze the steady-state and dynamic characteristics of PV, fuel cell, and wind energy sources.
- Apply knowledge to understand, design, and analyze power converter topologies for both stand-alone and grid-connected PV, fuel cell, and wind energy systems.
- Acquire advanced expertise in power electronics, covering topics such as maximum power point tracking, power factor correction, switched capacitor converters, ZVS/ZCS configurations, compensation schemes, and new power converter topologies.

List of experiments:

1. Modelling the steady state and dynamic characteristics of the following
 - (i) PV,
 - (ii) Fuel cell and
 - (iii) Wind energy sources
2. Power converter topologies for stand –alone and grid connected
 - (i) PV,
 - (ii) Fuel cell and
 - (iii) Wind energy sources
3. Maximum Power Point Tracking Schemes
4. Power factor correction techniques for AC to DC systems
5. Switched capacitor DC – DC power converters
6. ZVS, ZCS configurations
7. Compensation Schemes for VAR, harmonics and phase imbalance Power conversion and Electric Drives
8. New power converter topologies and their analysis, modelling and simulation
9. High frequency link power conversion

10. Radiation effects on power electronic systems and components EMI/EMC
11. Analysis, measurement and mitigation of EMI in Electronic and power electronic systems
12. Microgrid Power Quality

***Note:** Perform the simulation of the above list of experiments with MATLAB/any Simulation software

TEXTBOOKS:

1. S. N. Bhadra, D.Kastha, S.Banerjee, “Wind Electrical Systems”, Oxford University Press, 2005.
2. S.N.Bhadra, D. Kastha, & S. Banerjee “Wind Electrical Systems”, Oxford University Press,2009.
3. Rashid.M. H, “Power Electronics Hand book”, Academic Press, 2001.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Rai. G.D, “Non-conventional energy sources”, Khanna Publishers, 1993.
2. Rai. G.D,” Solar energy utilization”, Khanna Publishes, 1993.
3. Gray, L. Johnson, “Wind energy system”, Prentice Hall of India, 1995.
4. B.H.Khan "Non-conventional Energy sources", Mc Graw-hill, 2nd Edition, 2009